



Exam Name - ISO/IEC 27032 - Lead Cyber Security Manager

Exam Code - ISO-LCSM-001

Sample Exam

(Question) Cyber security protection of an organization is the responsibility of:

- (a) Everyone in the organization. (A)**
- (b) the CIO or CISO executive.
- (c) A specialized cyber security defense team.
- (d) The board of directors.

2. Failure to comply with government regulations or laws for cyber security can lead to:

- (a) Loss of confidence in the organization.
- (b) Civil liability.
- (c) Criminal prosecution.
- (d) All of the above. (A)**

3. Which of the following is not considered a factor in determining cyber risk?

- (a) The likelihood of a threat happening
- (b) The vulnerability of the organization to the threat
- (c) The cost to mitigate or recover from the threat
- (d) The duration of the threat event (A)**



4. Social engineering uses which aspects of human nature?

- (a) Trust manipulation
- (b) Desire to be helpful
- (c) Lack of understanding
- (d) All of the above (A)**

5. With regards to BYOD (Bring Your Own Device) it is usually safest and cost effective to:

- (a) Disallow BYOD altogether.
- (b) Allow BYOD in accordance with a specified policy.
- (c) Allow BYOD only if a Mobile Device Management (MDM) tool is available. (A)**
- (d) Limit BYOD to quarantined or isolated networks.

6. Which of the following is true for an Advanced Persistent Threat (APT)?

- (a) They are easily detected by anti-virus software.
- (b) They evade detection by re-encrypting or repackaging their code. (A)**
- (c) They seek targets of opportunity as opposed to specific organizations.
- (d) They are easily detected by anti-malware software.

7. Redundant computer servers would be an example of which type of security measure?

- (a) Detective
- (b) Corrective**
- (c) Preventative
- (d) Deterrent